Newport Mercury.

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Newport Mercury.

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WM. & J. H. BARBER,

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TERMS.

Two DOLLARS per annum.—$1 in advance.

☞ No Paper will be discontinued (unless at the discretion of the Editors) until arrearages are paid.

☞ *Terms of Advertising.*—Advertisements not exceeding a square, inserted three weeks for $1, and 17 cents for each subsequent insertion.—All Advertisements, (except where an account is open) must be paid for previous to insertion.

QUILLS.

Wm. & J.H. Barber,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

A LARGE Assortment of QUILLS, from 67 Cents to $3 per hundred.

ALSO,

A NEW ASSORTMENT OF

ACCOUNT BOOKS,

Of every description, and price.

LIKEWISE,

Writing Paper from $20 to $3 per Ream; Letter Do. of various kinds; Log and Wrapping Paper.

ALMANACKS, FOR 1830,

Of all kinds, by the Dozen, or Single

Books & Stationary

SCHOOL BOOKS of every kind in use in Town and the County, consisting of Geographies of all kinds;—Walker's Dictionaries; Daboll's, Colburn's and Stanford's Arithmetics; Murray's and Ingersoll's Grammar; N. York Expositor; Murray's Reader, Sequel and Exercises; Whelpley's Compend; History of the U. S. for Schools.

Newport, Jan. 30.

MODORD PERRY

AN ORIGINAL PORTRAIT of COM. PERRY, by *STUART*, is for Sale at the Store of A. J. ALLEN, No. 12, State-Street, Boston.

Boston Jan. 1, 1830.

ASSIGNEES NOTICE.

DANIEL ANDERSON and NICHOLAS ALGER, both of the Town and County of Newport, Ropemakers, in company, under the firm of ANDERSON & ALGER, have this day made an Assignment of all their property and effects to the Subscribers, to be distributed amongst the Creditors of the late firm of Anderson, Lewis & Co. and the creditors of said Anderson & Alger.

All persons indebted to either of said Firms, are requested to make payment immediately, and those having claims, to present them to

SANFORD BELL, HENRY Y. CRANSTON } *Assignees*

Newport, Feb. 3, 1830.

Rope-Walk at Auction.

On THURSDAY, April 15th, at 11 o'clock A. M. will be sold at Auction, on the premises

ALL the interest of ANDERSON & ALGER in and to the Rope Walk, and all the apparatus connected therewith, lately improved by them—long already after, all their interest in the Lot of Land and Dwelling-House they now occupy, situated near said Rope-Walk.—The Conditions of the Sale may be known, and the premises examined at any time, on application to

SANFORD BELL, HENRY CRANSTON } *Assignees*

Newport, Feb. 3.

25,000 Large Skeins of Sewing SILK, a little *tangled* are going at the steam rate of One Cent the Skein, at **TILLEY'S.**

Newport, Feb. 6.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having been appointed by the Court of Probate for the Town of South Kingstown, on the 2d Monday of April, 1829, Administrator on the Estate of

JOHN WATSON, ESQ.

late of said Town, dec'd, and has qualified himself accordingly.—He therefore requests all persons having demands against said Estate, to present them; and all those indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment to

JOHN W. WATSON, *Adm'r.*

South Kingstown, Jan. 23, 1830.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having demands against the Late Firm of S. & G. BOWEN, are requested to present them for settlement; and all indebted to said Firm, to make immediate payment to

GEORGE BOWEN, *Surviving Partner.*

Newport, Oct. 3, 1829.

☞ NOTICE.

Wm. James Tilley,

HAS just finished taking an account of his Stock, and finding he has on hand too much of many articles to make it profitable in keeping;—Among them are, Buttons of every description, Suspenders, Ribbons, Cambrics, Silk Velvets, Plushes, Laces, all kinds of Corde; pink, green and white Satins; Calicoes; black Italian Crapes;—and many other articles, all of which shall be sold for half their worth.

W. J. T. has at least from Fifty to 100 dozen GLOVES, some 4, 10, 12 1-2, 17 and 25 cents the pair, and if the Ladies think them not cheap, a belt will be given gratis.

Newport, Feb. 6.

PROPOSALS

WILL be received by the Subscriber until the 6th day of March next, at noon, for the delivery of

14,000 PERCHES OF ROUGH STONE,

and placing the same in the Pier now constructing in the Harbor of Stonington, Conn. The whole work to be completed by the 1st of November, 1830.

The plan and projection of the proposed work may be seen at the Office of the Subscriber in Stonington Borough, where any information touching the subject may be obtained.

G. TRUMBULL, *Superind't.*

Stonington, Jan. 15, 1830.

BRICKS WANTED.

PROPOSALS will be received until the 1st day of March next, for the supply at Fort Adams, Newport Harbour, R. I. of

500,000 COMMON BRICKS.

These Bricks must be cast in moulds of such size as to average, when burned, 8 inches by 4 inches by 2 1-4 inches. They must be of the best quality of Merchantable Bricks. The proportion of salmon, or pale Bricks, must not exceed one-eighth of the whole; and no soft or very pale Bricks will be received.—The proportion of arch bricks [illegible] one-eighth of the whole; and none of these that are much warped, will be received. The proportion of broken Bricks must not exceed two per cent. At least 50,000 to be delivered by the 1st day of June next, and the remainder in the course of the Summer and Autumn of the Year, at such periods as may best suit the convenience of the Contractor, provided there is always on hand the supply requisite for the progress of the work.

Before forming the Contract a fair sample will be required to be deposited in the Engineer Office at Fort Adams, which, should it prove satisfactory, will govern in the inspection of the several deliveries.

Payments will be made, if required, on each cargo duly inspected and received.

All communications touching this subject, to be directed to Br't Col. Joseph G Totten, U. S. Eng'rs. Newport, R. I.

JOS. G. TOTTEN, *Lt. Col. Eng'rs. Brevet Col.*

Fort Adams, Newport Harbour, January 22d, 1830.

☞ The publishers of the Portland, Bath, Gardiner, Hallowell, Wiscasset, Thomaston, Bucksport, Bangor and Belfast (Maine) papers, the Portsmouth (N. H.) papers, Newburyport and Salem (Mass.) papers, Boston Patriot, Taunton, New-Bedford and Fall-River (Mass.) papers, the Stonington, New-London, Middletown and Hartford (Conn.) papers, will please give the above notice four insertions, and forward their Accounts.

2000 PERCHES OF GRANITE

PROPOSALS will be received by the Subscriber until the 1st of March next, for the delivery at Fort Adams, Newport Harbour, R. I. of

2000 PERCHES OF GRANITE.

The Stones must be of large size and durable quality, and split with good beds and faces. A sample which will be referred to in all inspections, may be seen at the Fort. They are to be delivered on one of the wharfs at the Fort, between the 1st of April and the 31st of December, 1830.

Proposals will be received for any part of the above quantity not less than 500 perches.

JOS. G. TOTTEN, *Lt. Col. Eng'rs Brevet Col.*

Fort Adams, Newport Harbour, January 22d, 1830.

☞ The Publishers of the New-Bedford, Taunton and Fall-River papers, Providence Patriot, Providence American, and of the Stonington, New-London, Middletown and Hartford (Conn.) papers, will please insert the above notice 4 weeks and forward their Accounts.

STONE WANTED.

150 Cords of STONE is wanted, suitable for building Wall;—40 Cords of which must be at least 22 inches wide, with two good natural faces for cap stones—the remainder, one good natural face, and good beds, varying in length from one to two feet.—Apply to WM. VERNON in Thames-Street, opposite to this Office.

Newport, Jan. 30.

Poetry.

FROM BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE FOR JANUARY

THE FIRST GRAY HAIR.

The matron at her mirror, with her hand upon her brow,
Sits gazing on her lovely face—aye lovely even now;
Why doth she lean upon her hand with such a look of care?
Why steals that tear across her cheek?—She sees her first gray hair.

Time from her form hath ta'en away but little of its grace;
His touch of thought hath dignified the beauty of her face;
Yet she might mingle in the dance where maidens gaily trip,
So bright is still her hazel eye, so beautiful her lip.

The stately form is often mark'd by sorrow more than years;
The wrinkle on the cheek may be the course of secret tears;
The mournful lip may murmur of a love it ne'er confest,
And the dimness of the eye betray a heart that cannot rest.

But She hath been a happy wife;—the lover of her youth
May proudly claim the smile that pays the trial of his truth;
A sense of slight—of loneliness—hath never banish'd sleep;
Her life hath been a cloudless one;—then, wherefore doth she weep?

She look'd upon her raven locks;—what thoughts did they recall?
Oh! not of nights when they were deck'd for banquet or for ball;
They brought back thoughts of early youth, e'er she had learnt to check,
With artificial wreaths, the curls that sported o'er her neck.

She seem'd to feel her mother's hand pass lightly through her hair,
And draw it from her brow, to leave a kiss of kindness there;
She seem'd to view her father's smile, and feel the playful touch
That sometimes feign'd to steal away the curls she prized so much.

And now she sees her first gray hair! oh, deem it not a crime
For her to weep—when she beholds the first fleet mark of Time!
She knows that, one by one, those mute mementos will increase,
And steal youth, beauty, strength away, till life itself shall cease.

'Tis *not* the tear of vanity for beauty on the wane—
Yet though the blossom may *not* sigh to bud, and bloom again,
It cannot but remember with a feeling of regret,
The spring forever gone—the Summer sun so nearly set.

Ah, Lady! heed the monitor! thy mirror tells the truth,
Assume the matron's folded veil, resign the wreath of youth;
Go! bind it on thy daughter's brow, in *her* thou'lt still look fair;
'Twere well would all learn wisdom who behold *the first gray hair!*

FROM THE RICHMOND COMPILER.

ROSE OF SHARON.

I am the Rose of Sharon, and the lilly of the vallies.—Sol. Songs.

Go, warrior! pluck the laurel bough,
And bind it round thy reeking brow;
Ye sons of Pleasure! blithely twine
A chaplet of the purple vine;
And beauty, cull each blushing flower,
That ever decked the sylvan bower;
No wreath is bright, no garland fair,
Unless sweet Sharon's Rose be there.

The laurel branch will droop and die,
The vine its purple fruit deny,
The wreath that smiling beauty twin'd,
Will leave no lingering bud behind;
For beauty's wreath, and beauty's bloom,
In vain would shun the withering tomb,
Where nought is bright and nought is fair,
Unless sweet Sharon's Rose be there.

Bright blossom! of immortal bloom,
Of fadeless hue, and sweet perfume,
Far in the desert's dreary waste,
In lone neglected beauty placed,
Let others seek the blushing bower,
And cull the frail and fading flower,
But I'll to dreariest wilds repair,
If Sharon's deathless Rose be there.

When nature's hand with cunning care,
No more the opening bud shall rear,
But hurl'd by heaven's avenging fire
Descends the earth-consuming fire,
And desolation's hurrying blast,
O'er all the saddened scene has past,
There is a clime, *forever fair*,
And Sharon's Rose shall flourish there.

Miscellany.

FROM THE MASSACHUSETTS JOURNAL.

MORE HINTS TO PEOPLE OF MODERATE FORTUNE.

That a thorough, religious, *useful* education is the best security against misfortune, disgrace and poverty, is universally believed and acknowledged; and to this we add the firm conviction, that when poverty comes, (as it sometimes will) upon the prudent, the industrious, and the well informed,—a judicious education is all powerful in enabling them to *endure* the evils it cannot always *prevent*. A mind full of piety and knowledge is always rich—it is a bank that never fails—it yields a perpetual dividend of happiness.

In a late visit to the alms-house at ———, we saw a remarkable evidence of the truth of this doctrine. Mrs. —— was early left an orphan. She was educated by an uncle and aunt, both of whom had attained the middle age of life. Theirs was an industrious, well-ordered and cheerful family. Her uncle was a man of sound judgment, liberal feelings, and great knowledge of human nature. This he shewed by the education of the young people under his care. He allowed them to waste no time; every moment must be spent in learning something, or in doing something. He encouraged an entertaining lively style of conversation, but discountenanced all remarks about persons, families, dress, and engagements; he used to say parents were not aware how such topics frittered away the minds of young people, and what inordinate importance they learned to attach to them, when they heard them constantly talked about.

In his family, Sunday was a happy day—for it was made a day of religious instruction, without any unnatural constraint upon the gaiety of the young.—The Bible was the text book—the places mentioned in it were traced on maps—the manners and customs of different nations were explained—in a word, every thing was done to cherish a spirit of humble yet earnest inquiry. In this excellent family Mrs. —— remained till her marriage. In the course of fifteen years, she lost her uncle, her aunt, and her husband. She was left destitute; but supported herself comfortably by her own exertions, and retained the respect & admiration of a large circle of friends. Thus she passed her life in cheerfulness and honor during ten years; at the end of that time, her humble residence took fire, from an adjoining house in the night time, and she escaped by jumping from the chamber window. In consequence of the injury received by this fall, her right arm was amputated, and her right leg became entirely useless. Her friends were very kind and attentive; and for a short time she consented to live on their bounty; but aware that the claims on private charity are very numerous, she, with the genuine independence of a strong mind, resolved to avail herself of the public provision for the helpless poor. The name of going to the alms-house had nothing terrifying or disgraceful to *her*; for she had been taught that *conduct* is the real standard of respectability. She is there, with a heart full of thankfulness to the Giver of all things; she is patient, pious, and uniformly cheerful. She instructs the young, encourages the old, and makes herself delightful to all, by her various knowledge, and entertaining conversation. Her character reflects dignity on her situation; and those who visit the establishment, come away with sentiments of respect and admiration for this voluntary resident of the alms-house.

* * * * * *

What a contrast is afforded by the character of the woman, who occupies the room next hers. She is so indolent and filthy that she can with difficulty be made to attend to her own personal comfort; and even the most patient are worn out with her perpetual fretfulness. Her mind is continually infested with envy, hatred, and discontent. She thinks Providence has dealt hardly with her,—that all the world are proud and ungrateful,—and that every body despises her because she is in the alms-house. This pitiable state of mind is the natural result of her education.

Her father was a respectable mechanic, and might have been a wealthy one, had he not been fascinated by the beauty of a thoughtless, idle, shewy girl, whom he made his wife. The usual consequences followed—he could not earn money so fast as she could spend it; the house became a scene of discord—the daughter dressed in the fashion, learned to play on the piano,—was taught to think that being engaged in any useful employment was very ungenteel, and to be *engaged to be married* was the chief end and aim of woman,—the father died a bankrupt—the weak and frivolous mother lingered along in beggary, for a while, and then died of vexation and shame.

The friends of the family were very kind to the daughter; but her extreme indolence, her vanity, pertness, and ingratitude finally exhausted the kindness of the most generous and forbearing; and as nothing could induce her to personal exertion, she was at length obliged to take shelter in the alms-house.—Here her misery is incurable. She has so long been accustomed to think dress and parade the necessary elements of happiness, that she despises all that is done for her comfort; her face has settled into an expression which looks like an embodied growl; every body is tired of listening to her complaints; and even the little children run away when they see her coming.

May not those who have children to educate, learn a good lesson from these women? Those who have wealth have recently had many and bitter lessons to prove how suddenly riches take to themselves wings; and those who *certainly* have but little to leave, should indeed beware how they bestow upon their children the accursed inheritance of indolence and extravagant habits.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Petitions against the transportation of the mail on Sundays, are still presented to Congress and may occasion Colonel Johnson's report to be resubmitted to that body, and to the country. We Americans boast often of our exemption from a *religious Establishment*—from any connexion between Church and State; but if those petitions should be successful, we must qualify at least our vaunts and self-complacency. The petitioners allege religious scrupulosity, and the Divine command, according to *their* interpretation of the gospel; with denying, however, that a large portion of their Christian countrymen do not entertain the same scruples, nor construe the scriptural text in the same way. Now, a religious establishment consists in more than a titled hierarchy and beneficed sect;—it consists, essentially, in the legal ascendency and preference of a particular creed and conscience;—in a practical special discrimination and homage. A studied conformity of the measures of our government to the creed and conscience of any particular denomination of Christians, or a partial league of denominations, would therefore, amount to an *establishment* in the most invidious and oppressive sense.—The story of the strife, jealousies, and several aspersions and attempts of the rival Christian sects, is, perhaps, the most awful instructive chapter of human annals. Every general reader and observer must know that nothing is so irritating and odious, in religious controversion or contention, as a violence of doctrine;—men would yield equal rights of property—any mere secular advantage,—rather than equality of favor with regard to religious tenet and feeling;—and civil triumph of particular scruples, in our republic, could not fail to provoke a constant and exasperating struggle.—*Phil. Nat. Gazette.*

It must give every American pleasure to witness the voluntary homage that is paid to virtue, patriotism & talents in the person of Chief Justice Marshall.—This eminent man has the singular felicity of having passed through a long public life blameless and unreproached. No whisper is ever heard against a single action of his life, and there is *no other* man in the nation who enjoys to such an extent the confidence. His words are considered almost the oracles of wisdom, and long before his death his statue has been erected in the temple of Fame.

"May he live
Longer than I have time to tell his years,
Ever beloved and loving!
And when old Time shall lead him to his end,
Goodness and he fall together, one monument!"

Alex. Gazette.

At the recent annual meeting at Washington, of the American Colonization Society, Mr. Custis, of Arlington, it is said, "repelled the illiberal attack made by Mr. O'Connell, in Ireland, recently, upon the bright character of our illustrious Washington; and stated, that the Father of his Country, about the time of his death, was deeply engaged in maturing a plan for the freeing and the removal of all his slaves, to the western region."

We have just seen a beautiful work, called the "Family Classical Library." The plan of this work is to include English translations of the most valuable Greek and Latin classics. A greater desideratum to the English scholar cannot well be brought to public notice.—Indeed, as Dr. Parr says, "if you desire your son, though no great scholar, to read and reflect, it is your duty to place in his hands the best translations of the best classical authors.

Phil. National Gaz.

FAGEPTS.

Having only one hope, the accomplishment of it, of consequence, must put an end to all my hopes; and what a wretch is he who must survive his hopes! Nothing remains when that day comes, but to sit down and weep like Alexander, when he wanted other worlds to conquer.—*Congreve.*

He who has opportunities to inspect the sacred moments of elevated minds, and seizes none, is a son of dullness; but he who turns those moments into ridicule will betray with a kiss, and in embracing murder.—Lavater.

CONGRESS.

SENATE. Monday, Feb. 1, [illegible]

The resolution offered by Mr. Webster, that the Senate would elect a printer on the 4th inst. was [illegible] to lie out of order, and Mr. Webster said he would modify his resolution, so as to read that the Senate would remove its present printer," which was in order. The resolution offered by Mr. Grundy, on Friday, including the subscription to Gales and Seaton's compilation of Documents, was considered and laid upon the table. The rest of the session was occupied by Mr. Benton's speech on Mr. Foot's resolution and the Senate adjourned before Mr. B. finished.

An interesting dialogue took place during the session between Mr. Hayne and Mr. Clayton relative to some former remarks that had passed concerning a paragraph in Jefferson's memoirs.

Tuesday, Feb. 2.

Mr. Barnes presented a memorial of the Society of Friends, praying that Congress would pass some law protecting the Southern Indians. A number of resolutions from the House of Representatives were received and read the second time and referred to the appropriate Committees. Mr. Foot's resolution was then taken up, and Mr. Benton continued his remarks upon Mr. Webster's last speech upon the questions of the Tariff and Internal Improvements. After Mr. Benton concluded, Mr. Sprague commenced his reply, but gave way for a motion to adjourn.

Wednesday, Feb. 3.

Mr. Hendricks reported a bill to authorize a subscription to the stock of the Louisville and Portland Canal Company. Soon after the hour assigned for the consideration of Executive business, Mr. Foot's resolution was taken up, and Mr. Sprague concluded his remarks in reply to Messrs Benton and Hayne, and in defence of New-England men, measures and char-

Thursday, Feb. 4.

The Hon. L. W. Tazewell, from the [illegible] appeared and took his seat. Mr. Smith of Md. gave notice that he [illegible], endeavor to suspend the [illegible] the subject which had [illegible] in the time of the Senate, for the purpose of disposing of some of the [illegible] subjects on the orders of the day.

[illegible] resumed the consideration of the motion of Mr. Foot in relation to the sales of the public lands, and spoke of the [illegible] hours; and then [illegible]

Friday, Feb. 5.

Mr. Dickerson presented the petition of [illegible] of Bristol, R. I. praying [illegible] so much of the Post-Office [illegible] as authorizes [illegible] of the [illegible] Office.

A [illegible] bill had been [illegible] the Senate took up the bill [illegible] the Judicial [illegible] United States for the [illegible] of New-York, and after [illegible] several [illegible] United States, was [illegible] Whole. [illegible] bill [illegible] the Western District [illegible] This [illegible] the casting vote of the President.

Mr. King of Ala. moved to amend the bill by striking out the [illegible] to the words [illegible] Judge of Rhode-Island [illegible] committed to [illegible] January.

[illegible] adjourned to Monday.

Tuesday, Feb. 1.

Among the petitions presented this morning was one from citizens of Salem, N. H. praying that [illegible] should be [illegible] to the United States of America [illegible] which [illegible] the British Government [illegible] and [illegible] short [illegible] First in his list [illegible] attempted [illegible] positive [illegible] from the [illegible] and sink all [illegible] for the [illegible] by the [illegible] the [illegible] experience [illegible] by them and legal [illegible]

[illegible] Committee on [illegible] a bill to abolish [illegible] the United [illegible] which [illegible] committed to the [illegible] House [illegible] on the [illegible]

[illegible] the following [illegible] and laid on [illegible]

[illegible] the Secretary of War be directed to transmit to this House as early as practicable, a copy of the report of the Engineer appointed to survey a route for a Canal in Massachusetts, from Boston harbor to Narragansett Bay; or if the report be not completed, any information he may possess relating to the causes that have prevented its completion.

On motion of Mr. Burgess, it was

Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire into the expediency of providing by law, that no Revolutionary officer, non-commissioned officer or private soldier, who has already or may hereafter receive, in consideration of Revolutionary services, and from the United States, either by pension or otherwise shall not be arrested, holden to bail, or imprisoned, by process issuing from any United States Court, or authority, for or on account of any debt existing before such aid was extended to such officer, non-commissioned officer, or private soldier.

On motion of Mr. Pearce, it was

Resolved, That the Committee on the Public Lands be instructed to inquire into the expediency of appropriating one township of the public lands to the use of Brown University in the State of Rhode Island. Adj.

Tuesday, Feb. 2.

Mr. Howard, from the Committee on Commerce, reported a bill for the relief of sundry owners of vessels sunk for the defence of Baltimore. The several resolutions offered on the preceding day were taken up and adopted; and several new resolutions were adopted. On a motion of Mr. Conner to consider a resolution offered by him some time since, relative to a reduction of the duty on salt, and on the reference of some resolutions of the Legislature of North Carolina, instructing the Senators and requesting the Representatives from that State to vote for such a reduction, some discussion took place; but as the hour expired before the discussion had proceeded very far, the debate was suspended. The House then went into the consideration of the report of the Committee on Elections, on the petition of Ruel Washburn, of Maine, and on which some discussion took place, Messrs Coke of Virginia, Goodenow of Ohio, and Spencer of New-York, speaking in favor of the petitioner and against the report of the Committee on Elections and Mr. P. P. Barbour taking the opposite side. After which, Mr. Miller asked for the previous question; and the demand being seconded, the question was taken on concurring in the report of the Committee on Elections, and decided in the affirmative—Ayes 111, Noes 79. Adj.

Wednesday, Feb. 3.

The resolution of the Legislature of North Carolina, on the subject of the reduction of the duty on Salt, was, after a brief discussion, laid on the table, Mr. M'Duffie having stated that the Committee of Ways and Means would today report a bill on the subject.—The House then took up the bill to provide for taking the Fifth Census. Several amendments were made to the bill, when the Committee rose, and the House then adjourned.

Thursday, Feb. 4.

A number of bills were reported and passed through the usual stages. Among them was one from the Committee on Military Affairs, introduced by Mr. Drayton, authorizing the Secretary of War to purchase a national land for the fortification on Fort Washington, on the Potomac River; another by Mr. Buchanan, from the Committee on the Judiciary, in relation to frauds on the United States' Bank; and a third by Mr. Cambreleng, from the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures, an appropriation for building a Marine Hospital at Charleston, S. C.

After a number of resolutions had been proposed and offered, the Census Bill was [illegible] up, and the debate on it occupied the remainder of the day.—And when the House adjourned the further consideration of the Bill was postponed to Monday.

Friday, Feb. 5.

A bill was introduced by Mr. Drayton, from the Committee on Military Affairs, to which was referred that part of the President's message relating to the merging of the Marine Corps in the Artillery or Infantry of the United States, to alter and amend the organization of that body.

Mr. M'Duffie, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill for the reduction of the duties on tea and coffee, which was read a first and second time, and referred to a Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union; and also, a bill to reduce and modify the duties upon certain imported articles, and for other purposes. Embodied in the latter, was, among various provisions enumerated in it, one for equalizing the duty on bar and rolled iron, and fixing it at ninety cents per hundred weight, the effect of which, should it be adopted, will be to place foreign hammered iron upon an equal footing in the American market with British rolled iron, the duty upon which amounts, at present, almost to a prohibition. It contained, also, other clauses, providing that the imposts on Hemp and Flax, and on Cotton and Woollen manufactures should be the same as those levied previous to the passage of the late tariff bill. It provided, also, for a reduction of the duty on [illegible] to five cents per gallon; and for a drawback upon Rum distilled from foreign Molasses; for a diminution of the impost upon salt, from twenty to ten cents per fifty-six pounds; of that upon Wool a gradual reduction until it was diminished to fifteen per cent. *ad valorem*; and to fix a similar per centage upon indigo, and hemp, rape and linseed oil. The bill was read a first time; and, after some discussion, the second reading was postponed until a future day.

The report of the Committee of Elections, in relation to the contested election for the Twentieth Congressional District in the State of New-York, was concurred in by the House, and the Hon. Silas Wright was declared to be entitled to the seat occupied by Mr. Fisher. The Speaker presented to the House a communication which he had received from the Secretary of the Treasury, respecting the foreign commerce of the United States; six thousand copies of which were ordered to be printed. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on private bills, the consideration of which occupied the remainder of the day.

The House then adjourned to Monday next.

BY MAILS.

NEW-ORLEANS JAN. 16.

FROM MEXICO.

We learn from Mexico, that President Guerrero on Dec. 16th, marched against the army of reserve, which has pronounced itself in Jalapa, in favor of a central government. Bocanegra will act as President during his absence. Mr. Poinsett, begged an audience in order to leave the Republic. The *Comisario* Valdes has resigned, and the army of reserve is now at Pueblo-de-los-Angeles.

January 17

Here are we on this 17th of January seated at our desk, the windows open and the thermometer at our elbow at 62; having just returned from a mornings stroll through the city under a clear blue sky, and an unclouded sun. We took the vegetable market in our way and for our amusement noted down the following articles, which amongst numerous other items of the vegetable world unknown to us met our eyes in great abundance. Green Peas, Spinach, Asparagus, Celery, Cauliflowers, Cabbage, Sorrel, Leeks, Parsley, Thyme, Sage, Lettuce, Mustard, Cresses, and Morjoram. Of roots—Yams, Sweet and Irish Potatoes, Onions, Turnips, Carrots, Parsnips, Garlick, white, red, and black, Radishes and Beets, besides Sugar Cane. No hot bed upstarts these; but all produced in the open air.

January 20.

We have received a Proclamation by the Lt. Governor of the State of Oajaca to the inhabitants, in reference to the insurrection in favor of a central government, which had broke out in Campeachy. He says that the principles of federation are as clear to patriotic Mexicans, as independence itself; speaks of the insurgents as a handful of troops; and states that he has given the President Guerrero assurances that the people of Oajaca will support the Constitution.

CHARLESTON, FEB. 1

Captain Rogers, of the brig Scion from Havana states that a Mexican privateer, an hermaphrodite brig, had been cruizing off Havana, and that she had captured several Spanish vessels. Three or four Spanish men-of-war had gone in pursuit of the privateer—and a frigate sailed from Havana on the 22d ult. supposed with the same object in view.

WASHINGTON, FEB. 6.

Robert H. Adams, Esq. has been elected a Senator of the United States from Mississippi, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the death of Thomas B. Reed, Esq.

NEW-YORK, FEB. 8.

COLOMBIA.—The packet Montilla, from Carthagena, whence she sailed 9th ult. arrived yesterday. Gen. HARRISON, late Minister of the United States to Colombia, his son and his Secretary, Mr. Van Rensselaer of Albany, and Col. Torrens, late Charge d'Affaires of Mexico, to the same government, have arrived in the Montilla. Colombia continued in a distracted state. Bolivar's friends were active in disseminating the doctrine that a strong government is necessary for the Colombians, and toasts to Simon the 1st had been given. He was to be at Bogota on the 4th ult.

February 9.

FURTHER FROM COLOMBIA.

We have received additional papers from Colombia, and information from private sources, which enables us to state the following particulars:

Gen. O'Leary, an Irishman by birth, who greatly distinguished himself in the war of independence, and commanded the late expedition against the insurgents of Antioquia, has been appointed Minister of Colombia near the government of the United States, and will probably arrive in the next vessel from Carthagena.

The delegates from Venezuela to the Convention at Bogota, were on their way to that capital in the month of December, and several of them were met with near Bogota, by a gentleman who has since arrived in this city.

Whatever may be the views of Bolivar ought to form of government which we do not adopted in Colombia, (and [illegible]) they are said to know them exact by Gen. Paez. Initially concurred in factory evidence. [illegible] we have satis-

From these two facts, [illegible] judge of the character of the [illegible] is easy to [illegible] lative to the separation of Venezuela from the rest of Colombia.

Shortly after the defeat and death of Gen Cordova, a train which he had kindled in the Province of Choca, exploded. The insurrection was headed by Farmin Vergas, Governor of the Province. But few of the Choacans joined it, and it was speedily terminated by the capture of its leader.

The Virginia Free Press in giving the particulars of the murder of Col. Dunn, superintendent of the U. States armoury at Harper's Ferry, says that Cox placed the muzzle of his gun within a few inches of the Colonel's breast.—It adds further—

"That an outrage so flagrant should have been committed at such an hour, in the broad glare of day light, when the street was filled with persons pursuing their ordinary avocations and when it seemed utterly impossible that the assassin could escape detection, exhibits a depravity of heart and a recklessness of purpose without parallel in civilized society. It seems not to have been the result of sudden excitement, but an absolute surrender to the dictates of a fiendish malignity.

The deed is rendered doubly appalling, by the fact, that it was committed within the hearing of Mrs. Dunn, who was confined to her room, opposite the superintendent's office, and who recognized, in the dread report of the musket, the heart rending sound which deprived her of a most devoted and beloved husband. Her agony of soul is intense; her claim to universal sympathy irresistible.

Mr. Dunn has left an interesting young family to lament his untimely and melancholy end."

Naval.—The U. S. sloop of war Erie Capt. Conner, arrived at Pensacola Jan 10, from Vera Cruz, and sailed 14th.—The U. S. ship Falmouth, Com. Elliott, and the Peacock, Capt. McCall, were at Vera Cruz Dec. 9, the latter for Tampico the next day. Com. Elliott was waiting for the arrival of Mr. Poinsett, who was expected to be in Vera Cruz the first week in January. The Erie touched at Campeachy and Sisal to make inquiry into the cause of the detention of the schr. [illegible] The accounts received were perfectly satisfactory, and Capt. C. thinks our commerce in that quarter will meet no other obstacle. No news had been heard of the Hornet since Sept. 9. The officers and crew of the Erie are all well—the officers and crew of the Falmouth and Peacock were all well Dec 9.

The statement in a Maryland paper that Mrs. Tilghman, of Kent county, had received a letter from her son, who was a midshipman on board the Hornet, informing her that he, with a few others had been saved from the wreck of that vessel, and were on their way to Cadiz, is not true.

GREECE.—By an extract from a file of the National Gazette of Greece, for the month of August, received at the office of the Journal of Commerce, it appears that notwithstanding the desolation of their fields and dilapidations of their monasteries, nine abbots had contributed the sum 81000 piastres for the purpose of establishing a school for mutual instruction, and a school for ancient Greek.

Pennsylvania Legislature.—A standing rule was adopted in the house of representatives at Harrisburg, on Friday week, forbidding smoking, either in the hall or the adjoining rooms. The vote stood, ayes 61, noes 33. A motion was made to include snuffing and chewing, which failed

Messrs. Carvill of New-York are putting to press a second edition of Jefferson's Works at $10: the Virginia edition not furnishing enough for the subscribers.

A duel was to have been fought near New-York, last Friday, by two persons, one from R. Island: but by the interposition of two sensible gentlemen who happened to be chosen seconds, it was prevented. The matter in dispute related to the doctrine of Miss Wright.

Fires.—Stilson's Mills, near New Milford, Con. were burnt with a large quantity of grain, 28th ult.——In York, U. C. 23d ult. the large warehouse of Dougal & Co. the store of James Armstrong, and Mr Rennies' bakery, were burnt. The fire would have been confined to the first had the engines been in order.——R. Carter & Co's large whiskey distillery in Canandaigua, N. Y. was burnt 2d inst. with 40 bbls of whiskey and 200 bushels of grain. Three men had barely time to escape, losing their clothing: loss $3000, no insurance.

THE MERCURY.

NEWPORT,

SATURDAY MORNING, FEB 13, 1830

INTERESTING DEBATE.

The debate in the Senate of the U. S. on the subject of the Public Lands, was continued for several days the last week.—Mr. Benton occupied the floor for two days in answer to Mr. Webster, and was replied to by Mr. Sprague, of Maine. The subject was referred from Thursday to Monday last, (Mr. Webster being engaged in the Supreme Court,) when the debate was probably recommenced.

The Philadelphia National Gazette, in republishing Mr. Webster's first speech in the recent debate in the Senate of the U. S. remarks:—

"It contains much sound doctrine, ably, resolutely, and temporately expressed.—The orator has practised, if not remembered, the observation of Burke, "It is an erect countenance; it is a firm adherence to principle; it is a power of resisting false shame and frivolous fear, that assert our good faith and honor, and assure to us the confidence of mankind." Even his antagonists, while they combat his opinions and criticise his career, should be tender of the fame, and proud of the talents of such an American statesman and lawyer."

DUTIES.—On Friday, the 5th inst. Mr. McDuffie, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill entitled, "A bill to reduce the duties on Tea and Coffee."—It provides that after the 30th of June, 1830; the duty on Coffee shall be 40 per cent. on the value at the place whence imported; and on Tea, after the 30th of June, 1831, imported from China in vessels of the U. S. 50 per cent. ad val. On Tea imported from any other place, or in any other vessels than those of the U. S. 62 1-2 per cent. ad val. Teas which have heretofore been deposited in the Custom-house stores, and which shall remain there at the above date, to be subject to no higher duties than if imported after that date; but the time of payment to remain the same.

CENSUS.—The report of Mr. Storrs, from the select committee in Congress, on the subject of the Fifth Census, has been published. The Committee estimate the population in 1830, as follows: free population 10,550,000; slaves 1,950,000; total, 12,000,000. They recommend a ratio of 40,000 for the Representation in the House of Representatives, which they believe will not increase that body beyond the number of 225 members.

CITY CHARTER.—On Monday next, the 15th inst. the Freemen of Providence will give in their votes on the question of the acceptance of the City Charter.—The result of the votes given in, are requested for its adoption.

NAVAL.—The U. S. ship Natchez, Capt. Claxton, from the Brazilian station, arrived at Norfolk on the 3d inst.—Passengers in the Natchez, Commodore John O. Creighton, Lieut Wm. V. Taylor, and Sailing master Jacob Mull.

RELATIONS WITH PORTUGAL.—From an article in the National Intelligencer, it is inferred, that our government is engaged in the negotiation of a Commercial Treaty with Don Miguel of Portugal.

A letter from Washington, dated on Saturday last, says,—"Mr. Webster, in consequence of his attendance in the Supreme Court, has not yet brought forward his motion on the subject of the removal of the Printer of the Senate."

Ardent Spirits in the Army.—Gen. Eaton Secretary of War, in his reply to a resolution of Congress of the 28th ult. in relation to allowing to the soldiers and seamen of the U. S. an equivalent, in money, in lieu of the present allowance for ardent spirits gives the following oracular opinion:—

"Every thing of beneficial reform, upon this subject, must be considered merely as a matter of experiment. One heretofore made with a detachment of the army, and which proved highly salutary, was to remove restraint, and permit a free and unrestrained use of ardent spirits. This privilege was conceded to the soldiers by the officer in command; and, in return for it, they consented to subject themselves to their own laws, and, accordingly, annexed particular penalties to be imposed by themselves for any improper abuse of the privilege. During three or four weeks that the plan was kept up, little of intemperance or misconduct took place. It is another of many proofs that could be adduced, to show that mankind, when under too rigid restraint, are more disposed to restiveness and a violation of rules, than when liberally placed under the guidance of their own sense of propriety."

MAIL ROBBERS TAKEN.—The Philadelphia Chronicle of Monday last, says, "The three persons concerned in the robbery of the Mail in the neighbourhood of this city, have been taken. One of them James Porter, alias James Wray, was taken on the evening of the 6th inst. at Baltimore quietly walking with a woman hanging on his arm. Most of the watches taken from the passengers, were pawned in this city and have been recovered."

CONGRESS.—The National Intelligencer of Monday last, says,—"Neither House of Congress sat on Saturday.—In the Senate, Mr. Foot's resolution continues the theme of debate, if that can be called a theme, which, after being taken for a time, is left to take care of itself, whilst the orator roves at large through the boundless field of argument. Several Senators are expected to speak upon it; and, perhaps upon the whole, a more interesting subject never has occupied the attention of the Senate. As far as we can carry our opinion into effect, our readers shall lose none of the debate. The great length of the next forthcoming speeches in it, has induced them from being yet fully prepared for the press.

In the House of Representatives, the Tariff Bill is under way, and much diversity of opinion exists among its members as to its details, principally with reference to the extent to which the Census shall consult the manufactures of the country, or its statistics generally."

COLOMBIA.—The following extract of a letter from his Excellency, the Liberator, Gen. Paez, dated Guayaquil, 13th Sept. published in the New-York Daily Advertiser. It goes to confirm the suspicions which have long been entertained by many, of his ambitious views of Bolivar:—

"Your letters are very friendly.—In them you express yourself as a public and a private man. My heart has been filled with pleasure at the offers you make me of your house and goods whenever the public service may dispense with me. As that period is not very distant, I shall ever take pleasure in embracing you in the bosom of private life; but I do not agree with you in thinking that you ought to resign the command now I resign it, because you will then be more necessary than ever.

I have ordered the publication of a circular, inviting all the citizens and corporations to a formal and solemn expression of their opinions. You may then legally press it upon the public, to what they please. The time has arrived in which Venezuela must express herself without regard to any thing whatever, else than the general good. If the measures are adopted to express what you really desire, reforms will be effect, and the public wish will be fulfilled. Commerce will open her portions, agriculture will be every where extended;—in short, every thing will be performed as you desire. I shall not stop to point out—for I do not wish to incur the responsibility, being called to remain in the supreme command. As the Congress is one of deliberable character, there is no knowing what you [illegible] and it is not easy to accomplish the business with wisdom and calmness. Never [illegible] so great necessity as on this occasion, since nothing less is in danger than to constitute society anew, or, I speak to give it a new existence.

It would be well, in such circumstances, to take great care of the revolutionists; because, under the pretext of public opinion they may attempt some crime, which we ought not to tolerate. Let the Congress be told with moderation what is just, or what is well; but nothing by deeds, and much less by way of threatening. I do not [illegible] the command; but if they wish to arrest it from me by force or intrigue, I will fight to the last. I would decidedly go out to the high road, and in conformity with my honour.—Tell every body so from me.—Finally, I have said this because it is feared that I shall produce revolutions by any circular, and there are persons who are not pleased with the declaration of the College of Caracas.—For me every thing is good with moderation which conforms to directions. I remain, my dear General, your grateful friend.—I say grateful because your letter to which I reply, is very noble and generous towards me. I have been affected by the letter you have communicated to me; and O! that I might enjoy with you private life, and intimate companionship. Heartily Yours.

BOLIVAR."

THE WEATHER.—During the week past the temperature of the weather has been subject to extreme changes.—At sunrise on Sunday morning the thermometer was at 0; Wednesday was a spring like day, the therm. at 45; Thursday, and yesterday, were very cold with high winds, and at sunrise yesterday morning the therm. was only 3 degrees above 0.

Miss Fanny Wright has chartered a vessel at New-Orleans, for the transportation of herself and thirty slaves, to St. Domingo, where she proposes to settle and establish them in freedom.

The National Intelligencer says, "we learn from the state of Mississippi, that an act has passed both branches of the Legislature of that state, extending to the Indians residing within the limits of that state, all the privileges and immunities whatever of citizens of that state—thus incorporating them with the white population. The bill waits only the signature of the Governor to become a law."

The Annual Statement of the Commerce and Navigation between the United States and Foreign Countries, during the year ending Sept. 30th, 1829, was communicated to Congress on the 5th inst.

DR. WATKINS.—Chief Justice Marshal delivered the opinion of the Supreme Court discharging the rule granted in this case, and refusing the writ of habeas corpus prayed for by the petitioner.

The Anti-Masonic Convention which met in Hartford on Wednesday week, nominated Gideon Tomlinson for Governor, and Martin Welles for Lieut. Governor. Mr. Welles having declined, the Convention substituted the name of William T. Williams, of Lebanon.

The Mayor of New-York has just offered a reward of $500 for the detection of the person or persons engaged in attempting the forcible abduction of a young lady some weeks ago, in that city. It seems from this, then, that the gossiping story told in the Rochester Courier, of the abducer being the lover of Miss Gordon, is not believed.

The amount contributed and subscribed at the meeting of the City Tract Society in N. York, on Wednesday evening, was *Seventeen Hundred and twenty-eight Dollars!*

A short time since, while the officers of a congregation in this city were making the usual collection, a man was seen to thrust his hand into the purse when it was presented to him, and abstract some of the contents. He was at once charged with the offence, but stated that he was a stranger, and that it was the practise in his own place when a person had no small change, to throw a piece of money into the bag and take from it at random as much as might be supposed to be the proper change; that he had on this occasion deposited a half dollar, and taken a few pieces for change.—The time and place not permitting further investigation, he was allowed to retain the money, but upon the dismissal of the congregation no half dollar was found in the purse.

Phil. Morn. Chron.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

A Masquerade Ball is to be got up at the Park Theatre, New-York, 17th inst and the fine of $1000 be paid therefor.

A man named Thomas Smith, was frozen to death on Saturday night week in Greenwich street, New-York. It was the coldest night in that city for several years.

The wife of Mr. Henry Herkimer, in Exeter New-York being deranged, on the 27th ult. cut her infant's throat with a razor, as it slept in the cradle.

On the afternoon of the 25th ult. a rencontre took place at Darien, Ga. between Major John Floyd and Allen B. Powell, Esq. in which the former was shot through the body and died in a few minutes. Mr. P. gave himself up to the the civil authorities.

The bell of an Alderman's door in New York, was loudly rung the last cold Saturday night, and on the gentleman's going to the door in his night cap, a parcel was found containing an infant about five weeks old, and of very interesting appearance.

Mr. Saml. Tompkins of Ningara, N. Y. is exhibiting at Buffalo two hogs, three and two years old, weighing although lean, 24 cwt. of a small-boned and easily fattened breed.

2064 emigrants from Ireland and 146 from Great Britain arrived at St. John, N. B. in 1829.

In Taunton lately, a person having cut up a fine hog, in astute style, was surprised next morning to find that some one had taken a fancy to his handy work and saved him the trouble of salting it.

Accidents.—Richard Patton, a young man in Orange, Co. N. Y. was recently killed while felling trees, one having fallen in an unexpected direction.——In Genesee Co. recently, Mr. David H. Chapin was killed by falling from a wagon which passed over him. He has left a wife and seven children.——On the evening of the 20th ult Saml. Swift, in the employ of Mr. Thomas Kirker, was found dead in the road near Woodbury, N. J. his head and one foot being crushed by the wheels of the wagon he drove, having probably fell from it. His team had gone directly home.——Miss Caroline Morse was suffocated in Poultney, Vt. night of 31st ult. by taking a pan of coals into her bed room; a younger sister was with difficulty restored.——Mr. Mackie M'Clanan and a young lady were upset in a gig in Princess Anne Co. Va. recently, while going a short distance to attend the wedding of his brother. Mr. M. was killed, and the young lady much hurt.

The Eastern Argus mentions a report that the dwelling of Mr. Stevens of Greene, Kenebeck county, was burnt night of 4th inst. and his wife and infant child perished in the flames.

BRIGHTON MARKET.—*Monday, Feb. 8th*
(Reported for the Boston Patriot.)

At Market this day, 346 Cattle, 72 Stores 519 sheep and 160 Swine.—The market for *Beef Cattle* continues brisk and lively, and prices gradually advance. Those at market to day were generally very good. We noticed a sale of a very few choice pairs at $5 17 a $5 33 per cwt. Those we usually denominate *best*, readily command $5—other qualities from $4 to $4 3-4, which are at all times by far the greatest proportion. Store Cattle go off rather heavily.

Milch Cows—But few at market—no sales noticed. The inclemency of the weather prevented a good deal of business that is usually done on market days.

Sheep—The market to-day was not so bountifully supplied with Sheep as we sometimes notice, but the quality of those at market was uncommonly good, and the prices will not suffer by comparison with those of any preceding day this season, as will be seen by the following transactions: 13 Cossets for $97; 8 do. for $52; 12 do. for $55; 11 do. for $52, and 2 for $9—1 lot, 116 Weathers, $3 3-4 each; 1 do. 100, $3 3-4; 1 do. 44, at $3 1-2; 1 do. 42, at $3; 1 do. 142, $2; 1 do. 42, $2, and 1 do. 21, at $1 67.

Swine—Those mentioned above, are the same we reported last week. Sales go off rather heavily—we half incline to the opinion they come too high invoiced.

Prices of Wool at Boston, Feb. 9th—American full blood, 38 to 42 cts.; 1-2 do. 33 to 37; 1-4 do. 31 to 33; 1-4 common 29 to 30; lambs' washed 1st qual. 35 to 37; superfine 40 to 42; spinning 1st sort, 29 to 30; 2d do. 25; 3d do. 18 cents.

☞ *CHEMICAL LECTURES.*—Dr A. P. MOORE's Sixth Lecture will be given on Monday Evening Next, if the weather should be pleasant.—Tickets may be had at Wm. Callahan's.

Newport, Feb. 13.

☞ *NOTICE.*—A Sermon will be delivered on Sunday Evening, Feb. 14th, at the 2d Baptist Meeting-House, before the DORCAS SOCIETY, by the Rev. Mr. CHOULES.—After which a Collection will be taken, in aid of the objects of the Society.

MARRIED,

At South-Kingstown, Mr. Samuel A. Eldridge to Miss Rushamah Northup of Richmond.—On the 24th ult. by the Rev Mr. Allen, Mr. Samuel Merit, jun. of North-Kingstown, to Miss Sally G. Thomas, of the former place.

DIED,

At Providence on Wednesday last, Mr. Nathan Waterman, aged 89 years.—Mrs. Sally Blanding, wife of Mr. Shubael Blanding.

At New-Orleans on the 5th Jan. Mr. Alfred Rhodes, aged 23 years, son of the late Christopher Rhodes, Esq. of this town.—He was an industrious, enterprising and worthy young man.

At New-Haven on the 3d inst. Col. Jared Mansfield, L. L. D. aged 71 years, for several years Surveyor General of the U. S. and Professor of Natural Philosophy in the Military Academy at West Point.—The number of his pupils scattered through the U. S. is very large. His nephew, Col. J. G. Totten, U. S. Engineer, now employed at Newport, R. I. was one.

At Boston on Monday, Mrs. Dorothy Scott aged 83 years, relict of the late Gov. Hancock.—Mr. Frederick Granger, musician, aged 70 years.

WEEKLY ALMANACK.

1830. PROMENADE.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	High water	Moon rises.
13 Saturday	6 47	5 13	0 5	10 58
14 Sunday	6 46	5 14	0 51	11 56
15 Monday	6 45	5 15	1 37	morn.
16 Tuesday	6 44	5 16	2 26	0 53
17 Wednesday	6 43	5 17	3 19	1 49
18 Thursday	6 42	5 18	4 11	2 45
19 Friday	6 41	5 19	5 7	3 39

Moons Last Quarter 15th day, 7h. 43 min. in the Evening.

Ship News.

PORT OF NEWPORT.

ARRIVED.

Monday, Feb. 8.—Sch'r Turk, Howes, 4 days from Boston bound to New-York.

Thursday, Feb. 11.—Brig Fame, Vinson, 24 days from Mobile bound to Providence.—Sailed Jan. 17th, in co. with ship Union, Thomas, for Havre, and Brig Harwood, Folwan, for Havana.—Left there, ship Amelia, Post, for New-York in 6 days; brigs Regulator, Hubbs, and Enterprise, Bowen; for do. in 4 days; Asia, Tolman, do. 10; Triton, Rice, Nantz in 4; Belisarius, Robinson, for Boston in 3 days. Spoke off the Bar, bound in, Brig Otis 10 days from New-York.—Jan 28th, in Florida Passage, spoke schr Delta, Shephard, 9 days from New-Orleans for New-York.

Brig Leopard, Page, 10 days from Savannah for Providence.

Schr Alert, Hutchinson, 3 days from New-York.—In the Sound this morning, in the gale, lost 7 bales of cotton and a cask of whiskey, off the deck.

Revenue Cutter Eagle, Mather, from New-London.—The Eagle, we learn, is ordered to here to exchange stations with the Revenue Cutter Vigilant, Capt. Cahoone, who will leave here in a few days for her station in Long-Island Sound.

CLEARED,

Sloop Albany, Vars, New-York

MEMORANDA.

Ship Erie, Adams, of this port, with 750 bbls Oil, was spoken in the Pacific Ocean, Oct. 3d.—Rosalie, Brown, of Warren, 700 bbls July 28th.

At New-Orleans Jan. 15th, Sloop Niagara, Bigley, from Havana.

Brig Benjamin Ruggles, Waite, for New-York, sailed from Newcastle, Eng. about the 4th of Dec.

Sailed from Charleston Feb. 1st, Brig Charles Joseph, Carey, for Liverpool.—Schr Agnes, Swasey, for St. Augustine.

Sailed from Wilmington Jan. 31st, Brig Frances Ellen, Dockray, for St. Barts.

Wm. James Tilley,

WELL knowing that one good skein of sewing Thread is worth a dozen poor ones, and wishing to get a sale for the Article, has just opened a Lot of the very nicest kind, of every number and color, and in order to insure a profit to the retailer, will sell his best at 62 1-2 Cents the 100 skeins—his poorer qualities will be sold for a less sum.

W. J. T. will open more 12 1-2 cent Calicoes, This Day.

Newport, Jan. 23.

GEORGE G. KING,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFERS his professional services to the Public.—Office, in the Building of the R. I. Union Bank.

Newport, Feb. 13.

Old and New Goods.

Wm. James Tilley,

HAVING now completed taking an account of his Stock, has determined to clear out with the following:

Nice Plush for hoods and trimmings, of every description, at 50 cts. the yd.; nice black worsted Hose, at 33 & 37 cts. the pair; American Gingham, good colours, 10 cents the yd.; good blue Chex for 10 cents; good black and white Leghorn Bonnetts $1 50 each; nice Silk Vestings, worth 9s. to only 75 cts.; black Bombazeen, quite good, 25 cts the yd.; long black silk Mitts at 25 cents the pair, which will make two short pairs; long white kid gloves at 25 cts. that will make one pair mitts besides the gloves; a lot of Cords, Gimps and braids, for about nothing.

Newport, Feb. 13.

NEW GOODS.

OPENED this Day, a large Lot of CALICOES, fast colours, at 9d and 14 cts.; New Calicoes in remnants, also by the pound and bunch; and a complete assortment of bleached and unbleached Shirtings and Sheetings, some 1 14 yard wide.—For Sale, by

WM. J. TILLEY.

Newport, Feb. 13.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

CHARLES T. HAZARD, of Newport, in the County of Newport, Merchant, has assigned to me all his property for the benefit of his Creditors; they are therefore requested to present their Claims as soon as may be.—The Debtors of said HAZARD will make immediate payment to

JOSEPH MARTIN, *Assignee.*

Newport, Feb. 3, 1830.

ON THURSDAY NEXT, FEB. 18, At X o'clock A. M. will be Sold at Auction, at the Store recently occupied by C. T. HAZARD.

THE Entire Stock in Trade of said C. T. HAZARD, consisting of an excellent Assortment of DRY GOODS, &c.—Conditions made known at the Sale.

JOSEPH MARTIN, *Assignee.*

Newport, Feb. 13.

ASSIGNEES' NOTICE.

THOMAS STACEY, jun. has this day made an Assignment of all his property and effects to the Subscribers for the benefit of the Creditors of said Stacey.—All persons indebted to said Stacey, are requested to make payment, and those having claims, to present them to

A. V. ALLEN, JOSHUA SAYER, } *Assignees*

Newport, Feb. 5, 1830.

Con. Gr. State Lottery, cl. 6

DRAWN YESTERDAY.

$2,000 highest prize

Tickets $1—Parts in proportion.

Conn. State Lottery, cl 24

DRAWS THIS DAY,

$4,000 highest prize

Tickets $2—Parts in proportion.

Maine State Lottery, cla 3

DRAWS ON TUESDAY NEXT.

$10,000 high'st prize

40 Prizes of $1000.

Tickets $4—parts in proportion

FOR TICKETS AND PARTS,

Apply at the Old Truly Fortunate Office of

J. C. SHAW.

DRAWN NUMBERS,

In Consol Grand State, No. 10 extra.

53 31 5 33 36 20 39 23

In Maine State Lottery, class 2.

7 33 46 27 4 60 31 30 35

In Connecticut Lottery, No. 2.

15 59 51 17 29 27 21 42 41

☞ Comb. 15 27 28 in R. I. Lottery, 3d Class, came up a Prize of $4000—One Quarter of which was sold at this Office.

Newport, Feb. 13.

TO LET,

And Possession given on the 25th March,

THAT large and convenient Dwelling-House in Broad-Street, formerly belonging to *David Williams*, deceased.—The House is in good order, and has a large Garden, with fruit trees, &c.—ALSO, A Shop, and one other Building adjoining, will be Let, either separate, or with the House.—For further particulars and terms, apply to EDWARD STANHOPE, in Newport, or to

JAMES CHASE.

Portsmouth, Feb. 12.

Hay Press for Sale,

IN complete order, and set to work immediately.—The above Press is the most approved of any ever in this State and will be sold low if applied for soon.

H. G. MUMFORD,

Corner of Canal & Steeple-streets.

Providence, Nov. 11

AUCTIONS.

For Sale at AUCTION,

On TUESDAY [illegible] January next at Mo[illegible] M. for approved Notes payable in [illegible] at either of the Banks in this Town.

THE Ship GEORGE CHAMPLIN, now lying at Lyon's Wharf, 161 Tons burthen, six years old, copper fastened, sheathed with cedar boards & copped in 16 feet by two 1-4 inch chain cables, one 100, and the other 80 fathoms long, and two four inch hawsers on carriages; is well built, well found, and very handsome; sails well, and is an excellent sea-boat.—Her Inventory, which includes 10 tons of Stone ballast, may be seen at the Office of

J. C. SHAW, *Auctr.*

Newport, (R. I.) January 30.

QUILLS.

Wm. & J. H. Barber,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

A LARGE Assortment of QUILLS, from 67 Cents to $3 per hundred.

ALSO,

A NEW ASSORTMENT OF

ACCOUNT BOOKS,

Of every description, and price.

LIKEWISE,

Writing Paper from $20 to $3 per Ream: Letter Do. of various kinds; Log and Wrapping Paper.

ALMANACKS, FOR 1830,

Of all kinds, by the Dozen, or Single

Newport, Jan. 30.

Conn. Gr. St. Lottery, cl. 6

DRAWN YESTERDAY.

$2,000 highest prize

Tickets $1—Parts in proportion.

Con. State Lottery, No 24

DRAWS ON THIS DAY.

$4,000 highest prize

Tickets $2—Parts in proportion.

Maine State Lottery, cla 3

DRAWS ON TUESDAY NEXT.

$10,000 high't prize

40 Prizes of $1000

Tickets $4—Parts in proportion.

Tickets and parts,

May be had at the Lottery Office of

S. CAHOONE,

DRAWN NUMBERS.

In Connecticut Lottery, No. 2.

15 59 51 17 29 27 21 42 41

In Consol Grand State, No. 10.

53 34 5 33 36 20 39 23

In Maine State, No. 2.

7 33 46 27 4 60 31 30 38

6 & 7 Com. 5 46 47 in R. I. Consol. Lottery, No. 16, came up a Prize of $1280—and was sold in a Qr Ticket at the Office of

S. CAHOONE.

Newport, Feb. 13.

FINAL NOTICE.

THE Commissioners appointed on the Estate of JANE DEBLOIS, late of Newport, dec. will hold their final meeting at the Office of N. G. Ives, Esq. on *Saturday*, the 6th of March next, at 2 o'clock P. M. of which all persons interested are requested to take notice.

JOSEPH SAYFORD, ADAM S. COE, STEPHEN A. ROBINSON } *Commrs.*

Newport, Feb. 6.

COMMISSIONERS NOTICE.

WE the Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon Court of Probate for the town of Newport Commissioners to receive the claims of the Creditors against the estate of

MAJOR BENJAMIN WATSON,

late of said Newport, dec. represented insolvent, and six months from the date hereof being allowed for receiving claims, we will attend on the last Saturdays in March, April, May and June, at 2 o'clock P. M. for purpose aforesaid.

JONATHAN T. ALMY, SAMUEL CARR, WILLIAM J. TILLEY, } *Comm'rs.*

All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to

SAMUEL WATSON, *Admr.*

Newport, Feb. 5, 1830.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE Subscriber hereby gives notice, That he has been duly appointed by the Court of Probate for the Town of Exeter, Guardian of the Person and Estate of HENRY REYNOLDS, of said Exeter, a Minor under the age of 21 years, and has accepted said trust and given bond according to law.—The Creditors of the said Ward are also hereby notified to exhibit their claims for adjustment within six months from the date hereof.—All persons interested in the above Notice, will therefore govern themselves accordingly.

BENJAMIN REYNOLDS, *Guardian.*

Exeter, Nov. 19, 1829.

B. H. WILBOR,

Opposite Major H. Bull's, Broad St

OFFERS FOR SALE,

AN Extensive Assortment of Articles, among which are :—Wares of all kinds.—GROCERIES—LIQUORS—SHOES—SEEDS—Window Glass. Oils, Paints, Pot Ash, Utensils of Husbandry, &c.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

PAPER-HANGINGS

WITH A GREAT NUMBER OF OTHER ARTICLE

IN ALL THEIR VARIETY,

As can be found in any Grocery in Newport—all of which he will sell by retail, or by the quantity, on terms the most reasonable and accommodating.

NEW BUTTER.

Received from a selection of the neatest Farmers, and made *exclusively* for his own use and disposal.

Newport, April 16.

NEW STORE

Connected with the Sloop *ALBANY*,

JUST OPENED BY

Wm. & John Vars,

ON FOSTER'S WHARF.

Where they intend keeping constantly on hand, Wholesale and Retail,

FLOUR and Grain of all kinds—Albany Ale—No. 1 Mackerel—Butter, Cheese, Salt—New-York Crackers by the barrel, and *GROCERIES IN GENERAL*.—Also, Schuylkill COAL in quantities to suit purchasers.

Newport, Oct. 24.

The Sloop ALBANY,

HAS just arrived, with a fresh Supply of Flour Corn, Shagbarks, Spitzenberg Apples—*Also*. A quantity of Meal ground in a flour mill; Butter by the keg; first quality Cheese; Buckwheat Flour by the half bbl.—a lot of Smoked Beef, &c.—*For Sale, by*

Wm. & J. VARS.

Newport, Dec. 5.

WOOL CARDING, AND CLOTH DRESSING.

THE Subscriber informs his old Customers and the public, that he continues, at his manufacturing establishment in Portsmouth, to Card Sheep's Wool of all grades.

CLOTH DRESSING.

He continues to *Dye and Dress* Woollen Cloths of every description, with real *Indigo Blue*, and all other colors required.

He will also manufacture Wool into Yarn or Cloth, which will be done with despatch, in a superior style, and on the most reasonable terms.

SAMUEL CLARKE.

☞ Articles intended to be sent to the Factory, may be left with *Job Sherman*, or *Charles Knowles*, Chase's wharf, in Newport; *Sanford Almy*, Little-Compton, *Peleg Cory*, Tiverton; or *Jeremiah Gifford*, Bristol-ferry.

Portsmouth, June 4, 1829

Wool Carding and Cloth Dressing.

THE Subscribers inform their Friends and the Public, that they have taken the UNION FACTORY, Portsmouth, R. I. (formerly occupied by *Moses Lawton*) where they are ready to attend to those who will please to favour them with their custom, in Carding Wool, or Colouring and Dressing Cloth, in all its various branches, at the customary prices.—Wool will also be taken and manufactured into Yarn or Cloth, on reasonable terms at short notice.—They have confidence in believing, their long experience in manufacturing at different Factories, has rendered them a knowledge of the business sufficient to give universal satisfaction.

Goods intended for the Factory, may be left with Edward Stanhope, Broad-street, or R. R. Carr, Ferry-wharf, Newport; George Lawton Tiverton, and Jeremiah Gifford, Bristol ferry where they will be taken by the Subscribers finished and returned.

LEWIS GRINNELL, jun.
DAVID BAKER.

Portsmouth, April 3.

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

WE the Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the Town of Tiverton, Commissioners to receive the claims of the Creditors against the estate of

MARGARET BARKER,

late of said Tiverton, dec. represented insolvent, and have for that purpose hereby given notice that six months from the 4th day of January last, are allowed to the creditors of said deceased to bring in and prove their claims, and that we will attend at the House of Richard Borden, in said Tiverton, on the first Saturdays in January, February, March and April next, from 1 to 4 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of receiving such claims.

SAMUEL SEABURY,
[illegible] } Comm'rs.
RICHARD BORDEN,

Tiverton, Jan. 28, 1830.

COMMISSIONERS NOTICE.

WE the Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the Town of Newport, Commissioners to receive the claims of the Creditors against the estate of

ELIZABETH SHAW,

late of Newport, widow, dec. represented insolvent, and that from the date hereof we will attend at the House of Nathaniel Sweet, on the first Saturdays in February, April, May and June, at 2 o'clock P. M. for purpose aforesaid.

ISAAC TAGGART,
NATHANIEL SWEET, } Comm'rs.
GEORGE C. SHAW.

Newport, Jan. 4, 1830.

HEMP, IRON, &C.

ST. Petersburgh Clean and outshot HEMP.—P. S. I. IRON.—Brown Havana Sugar.—New-Orleans and Havana Molasses—Cuba Honey.—Russian Quills. *For Sale by*

ROBERT ROGERS, jr.

Bristol, Nov 7, 1829.

STATE OF RHODE-ISLAND, &c.

NEWPORT, sc.—Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, county of Newport, Feb. 5th, A. D. 1830.

THE Creditors of THOMAS STACEY, jr. of Newport, Grocer, are hereby notified to appear at the Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Newport on the first Monday of March next, to shew cause, if they see fit, why the Petition of the said Thomas Stacey, jun. for the benefit of "An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors," passed in January A. D. 1828, ought not to be granted.

GEORGE C. MASON, Clerk.

Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, county of Newport, Feb. 5, A. D. 1830.

THE Creditors of STEPHEN H. CAHOONE, of Newport, Merchant, are hereby notified to appear at the Supreme Judicial Court to be holden at Newport on the first Monday of March next, to shew cause, if they see fit, why the Petition of said S. H. Cahoone, for the benefit of "An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors," passed in January A. D. 1828, ought not to be granted.

GEORGE C. MASON, Clerk.

Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, county of Newport, Feb. 5, A. D. 1830.

THE Creditors of DANIEL ANDERSON of Newport, Ropemaker, are hereby notified to appear at the Supreme Judicial Court to be holden at Newport on the first Monday of March next, to shew cause, if they see fit, why the Petition of the said Anderson, for the benefit of "An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors," passed in January, A. D. 1828, ought not to be granted.

GEORGE C. MASON, Clerk.

Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, county of Newport, Feb. 5, A. D. 1830.

THE Creditors of NICHOLAS ALGER, of Newport, Ropemaker, are hereby notified to appear at the Supreme Judicial Court to be holden at Newport on the first Monday of March next, to shew cause, if they see fit, why the Petition of the said Alger, for the benefit of "An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors," passed in January A. D. 1828, ought not to be granted.

GEORGE C. MASON, Clerk.

Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, county of Newport, Feb. 5, A. D. 1830.

THE Creditors of JOSEPH W. MARSH, of Newport, Chairmaker, are hereby notified to appear at the Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Newport on the first Monday of March next, to shew cause, if they see fit, why the Petition of the said Marsh for the benefit of "An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors," passed in January A. D. 1828, ought not to be granted.

GEORGE C. MASON, Clerk.

Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, county of Newport, Feb. 5, A. D. 1830.

THE Creditors of SAMUEL J. MARSH, of Newport, Chairmaker, are hereby notified to appear at the Supreme Judicial Court to be holden at Newport on the first Monday of March next, to shew cause, if they see fit, why the Petition of the said Marsh, for the benefit of "An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors, passed in January, A. D. 1828, ought not to be granted.

GEORGE C. MASON, Clerk.

Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, county of Newport, Feb. 5, A. D. 1830.

THE Creditors of HENRY TEW, of Newport, mariner, are hereby notified to appear at the Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Newport, on the first Monday of March next, to shew cause, if they see fit, why the Petition of the said Henry Tew, for the benefit of "An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors," passed in January, A. D. 1828, ought not to be granted.

GEORGE C. MASON, Clerk.

Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, county of Newport, Feb. 5, A. D. 1830.

THE Creditors of MOSES BARLOW, of Newport, labourer, are hereby notified to appear at the Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Newport, on the first Monday of March next, to shew cause, if they see fit, why the Petition of the said Barlow for the benefit of "An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors, passed in January A. D. 1828, ought not to be granted

GEORGE C. MASON, Clerk.

Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, county of Newport, Feb. 5, A. D. 1830.

THE Creditors of MARTIN HORTON of Newport, labourer, are hereby notified to appear at the Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Newport, on the first Monday in March next, to shew cause, if they see fit, why the Petition of the said Horton, for the benefit of "An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors," passed in January, A. D. 1828, ought not to be granted

GEORGE C. MASON, Clerk.

Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, county of Newport, Feb. 5, A. D. 1830.

THE Creditors of PARDON GRAY, of Tiverton, in the county of Newport Esq. are hereby notified to appear at the Supreme Judicial Court to be holden at Newport on the first Monday of March next, to shew cause, if they see fit, why the Petition of the said Pardon Gray for the benefit of "An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors," passed in January, A. D. 1828, ought not to be granted.

GEORGE C. MASON, Clerk.

STATE OF RHODE-ISLAND, &c.

NEWPORT, sc.—*Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, Jan. 15, 1830.*

WHEREAS MARY S. HUSTER, of Newport, in the County of Newport, Wife of Andrew Huster, of said Newport, mariner, has this day filed in said Office her petition, praying for the reasons therein stated, that the marriage covenant subsisting between her and the said Andrew might be dissolved, and a decree of Divorce promulgated.—This is therefore to notify the said Andrew, to appear before said Court, to be holden at Newport on the first Monday of March next, and shew cause, if (any he hath) why the prayer of said petition ought not to be granted,

GEORGE C. MASON, Clerk.

ISAAC GOULD,

No. 176 Thames Street.

HAS just received a lot of very cheap GOODS, mostly purchased at auction, among which are.

Black, blue, olive, bottle green, and mixt Broadcloths, some of which are stout for Surtout Coats—an assortment of Cassimeres,

Goat's hair Camblets,
Worsted ditto,
Merino Circassians,
Kerseys, Flannels and Bockings,
Ladies Habit Cloths,
Extra Buck skin Gloves,
Beaver ditto cheap,
Fashionable Vestings,
Extra Gilt Buttons,
Figured ditto for Ladies Dresses,
Lillibridge's Composition Stocks,
Chestermans Improved Suspenders,

ALSO, Extra fine bleached Shirtings, and Brown do. very cheap by the piece.

All of which will be sold at a small advance for cash.

Newport Nov. 7.

Wm. L. Melville,

TIN PLATE WORKER,

No. 162, Thames-Street.

CONTINUES to carry on the above Business as usual, and keeps constantly on hand, a general Assortment of TIN WARE, and other articles in his line, to suit the market, and positively will sell them as low as can be purchased in the State, not excepting of Pedlars; those who wish to encourage their own townsman, will do well to call and satisfy themselves of the truth of this assertion.

Merchants, and Pedlars can be supplied at wholesale, as low as can be purchased in the United States.—Old Pewter, Lead, Copper, Brass, and Rags taken in preference to Cash.

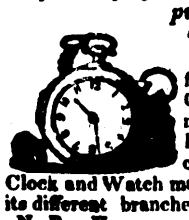
Newport, March 21.

REMOVAL.

JAMES FALES,

CLOCK & WATCH-MAKER

Respectfully informs his friends and the public,



THAT he has Removed to the house formerly occupied by Capt. John Coggeshall, next north of Mr. G. Enge, where he will continue to carry on the Clock and Watch making business, in all its different branches.

N. B.—He repairs Compasses, Quadrants Guns, and executes all other kinds of jobs connected with his profession.

Newport, August 8.

PROBATE NOTICES.

Court of Probate, Newport, Feb 1, 1830.

THE Administration Account on the Estate of ELIZABETH HUNTINGTON, dec. was presented for settlement, and for allowance.—It is Ordered thereon, That the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate to be holden at the State-House in Newport, on the first Monday in March next, at 9 o'clock A. M. and that previous notice be given, by publishing a copy of this Order three several times in the Newport Mercury, to all persons interested to appear at said time and place, and be heard. *Witness,*

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Newport, Feb. 1, 1830.

THE Executor's first Account on the Estate of BENJAMIN B. MUMFORD, late of Newport, deceased, was presented for settlement and allowance.—It is ordered thereon, That the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate to be holden at the State-House in Newport on the first Monday of March next, at 9 o'clock A. M. and that previous notice be given, (by publishing a copy of this order three several times in the Newport Mercury) to all persons interested to appear at said time and place, and be heard.

Witness,

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Newport, Feb. 3, 1830

THE Executor's Account on the Estate of JOSEPH LYON, late of Newport, deceased, was presented for settlement and allowance.—It is ordered thereon, that the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate to be holden at the State-House in Newport on the first Monday in March next, at 9 o'clock A. M. and that previous notice be given, (by publishing a copy of this Order three several times in the Newport Mercury) to all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard.

Witness,

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Newport, Feb. 1, 1830.

WHEREAS application was this day made for Administration on the Estate of WILLIAM CROOKE, late of Newport, Merchant, dec. and the consideration thereof was referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the State-House in Newport, on the first Monday in March next, at 9 o'clock A. M.—Notice is therefore hereby given to all persons interested in said Estate, to appear at said time and place, and they shall be heard.

By Order,

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Newport, Feb. 1, 1830.

WHEREAS an Instrument of Writing purporting to be the last Will and Testament of SAMUEL OXX, late of Newport housewright, dec. was presented for Probate and Letters Testamentary thereon.—It is ordered, that the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the State-House in Newport, on the first Monday in March next, at 9 o'clock A. M. and that previous notice be given, (by publishing a copy of this order three several times in the Newport Mercury) to all persons interested to appear at said time and place, and be heard.

WITNESS,

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Newport, Feb. 1, 1830.

WHEREAS application was this day made for Administration on the Estate of ELIZABETH HOSIER, late of Newport, dec. and the consideration thereof was referred to a Court of Probate to be holden at the State House in Newport, on the first Monday in March next, at 9 o'clock A. M.—Notice is therefore hereby given to all persons interested in said Estate, to appear at said time and place, and they shall be heard. *Witness,*

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

NEW GOODS.

JAMES MUMFORD,

No. 99, THAMES-STREET.

HAS just received from New-York, an extensive Assortment of *FALL & WINTER GOODS*, which he is selling very low, among which are:—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Pelise Cloths, merino Circassians of different shades, plaid Camblets; French, English and American Calicoes, very handsome; Valencia shawls; Scotch plaids; Presidential and furniture chintz; black and white merino hdkfs.; ribbed and plain women's worsted hose; black and colored English ginghams; point and rose Blankets; rich black florence lutestrings; Scotch and swiss Muslin; black, brown, green and blue bombazets; silk & worsted braids and cords; red, green, yellow and white English flannels; Russia Diapers; bang-up-cord; drab kerseys—and as general an Assortment as can be found in a Dry Goods Store, and will be sold as low as can be bought at any store in town.

ALSO, A superior assortment of Domestic bleached and unbleached Shirting and Sheeting chex and bedticking.

Newport, Dec 5.

Commission Store.

J. W. EDDY offers his services to the public as an Auction and Commission Merchant. Unexceptionable reference given Orders respectfully solicited.

In store, a variety of goods at reduced prices.

☞ The highest price given for Old Iron, Junk, &c.

Newport, Jan. 16.

TO LET,

And Possession given on 1st of April next,

A FARM situated in the town of Plainfield, Windham county, (Conn.) about 30 rods from the Academy, on the Turnpike road leading from Providence to Windham, containing about 240 Acres of choice land, well proportioned for meadow, pasture, plough and wood land, with a Dwelling-House, two barns, and other out houses.—Said Farm is well watered and abundantly supplied with Orchards.—For terms, apply to

DAVID KING.

Newport, Jan. 26, 1830.

NEW SCHOOL.

THE Subscriber, lately from Philadelphia, informs the public, that he intends commencing a SCHOOL on the 1st of February next, at Mr. Wilbur's School-room in Spring-street.

Terms of Tuition are as follows, viz. For Orthograpy, Reading, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Book-keeping, Geography, English Grammar, History, Stenography, and the Latin and German Languages, $3 50 per Quarter in advance, or $4 at the end of the term.—Stationary and fuel included.

Refer to Mr. GUILD Teacher of the Public School, in Mill-street.

JOHN ERHARDT.

Newport, Jan. 16.

To Let,

THAT large and convenien SHOP, No. 126, Thames Street, formerly occupied by *N. Geffroy* as a Jewelry Store; it has two large double bow windows, with counters and glass cases, and shelves on the sides.—*Also*, The Dwelling-House now occupied by N. Geffroy, containing two rooms on the lower floor, with fire places, and seven chambers; with a garden, well of water, and rain water cistern; and a two-story work shop in the yard, containing two fire places.—Possession of the House will be given as soon as the family can procure a house to remove to.—For terms, apply to

THOMAS BUSH.

Newport, August 8.

For Sale, or to Let,

THAT pleasantly situated FARM in Portsmouth, on the west side of the Island, about 6 miles from Newport, (formerly called the Shrieve, or Johnston place) containing about 50 Acres of good Land, with a two-story Dwelling-House, new barn, and other out buildings thereon, and two valuable orchards. The Farm is bounded by the west shore, and has a valuable privilege for sea manure.—For terms, &c. which will be liberal, apply to JAMES CHACE.

Middletown, 2d of 1st mo. 1830.

FOR SALE.

A FARM in Middletown R. I. situated on the East Road, 2 1-2 miles from Newport, and adjoining the Farm of WM. BAILEY, Esq. containing about 50 Acres of good Land, which produced last season from 50 to 60 Bushels of Corn to the Acre.——On the premises there is a handsome convenient Two-story Dwelling-House, a large Barn, Crib and Coach house, and other out buildings in good repair; a well of excellent water near the door and the Farm is one of the pleasantest situations on Rhode-Island.—There is on the Farm an excellent young Orchard of Fruit Trees, consisting of apples, peaches, plums cherries, &c. with some ornamental trees, and about 2000 button wood trees.—The Farm is well watered by ponds, &c. and fenced with good stone wall.—Any person wishing to purchase, will please call on the Subscriber, at the Rhode-Island Bank house. CHRIS. A. SWEET

Newport, January 31.

Retailing Mola

A VERY superior lot of SES, for Retailing.—*Al* RUM by the Hhd. or Barr *wise*, A few Pieces Russia D *FOR SAL*

J. G. & S. WHITEHO

Newport, Dec. 19.

Constantly on H

ALL SIZES of American IRON, from 4-8ths up inch.—*Also*, SALTUS, SONS & brated CHAIN CABLES, of from 1-2 inch up to 1 1-2 inc any length to suit those who The Cables are warranted to very first quality, and stand hi estimation of the Navy Board others who have proved the factory Certificates from man who have proved them, may calling at the Subscriber's Sto the Agent.—The above will b low as at the Factory; any on to purchase, will do well to c

ROBINSON PO

Newport, Feb. 14.

Loaf & lump S

THE Subscriber having pointed by Mr. *J. W.* of New-York, Sugar-Refiner, for vending *Loaf & Lump* Newport, he will keep const has now on hand, all the qualit manufactured, which will be Box or Bbl. delivered her charges, at the ew-York p credit. JOSIAH C. SH

Agent for J. W. Ar

Newport, Nov. 28.

TO LET.

From the 25th of March

A FARM on Boston taining over 200 good, if not the best ew-weed of any farm in ficiente onto a part of the also have a part of GEO. P. H

Year, some persons to answer their ow ed that no perso is Lot, until they kn me. G.

South Kingstown, Sept. 10, 1829.

For Sale,

FARM in th Pelham, C Hampshire, (Mass.) ing upwards of 20 A good stock Farm, with ple chard, and excellent timber; Acre, and terms of payment, or would be exchanged on this Island.—*Also*, A qu Broadcloths and Sattinets o colors and quality, wholesale *Likewise*, A Horse and Chai one-horse family Carriage.

DAVID BUF

Middletown, 8th mo. 6th.

MAYNARD & NOYES' INK AND LIQUID INK.—*Tr* has established in the public mind reputation of these articles, and th of the Ink for *beauty* and *permanen* is fully attested by the best judges.

Office Bank U. S. Middletown, O

The Ink Powder of Messrs. Noyes has been used for some time and I can cheerfully recommend it to any I have heretofore used.

J. P. BURNHA

Patriotic Bank, Washington City, A

Messrs Maynard & Noyes.—Gen the last year I have been using you I have been much pleased with it. hesitation in recommending it to desirous of giving *permanency* to the

O. CARR.

Post-Office, N. Y. City, March

Messrs. MAYNARD & NOYES.— In answer to your request respecti that has been used in this Office, pleasure, that your Writing Ink is proved of, and I recommend it as article to every one who is desiro *good black Writing Ink.*

I am gentlemen, your obedien

THEODORE BAILE

☞ The above is for Sale J. H. BARBER, WM. CALLA R. R. HAZARD, in Newport.

January 9, 1830.

VEGETABLE CE

HAIR Restorative and pr Vegetable CERATE; simp ture and wonderful in its operatio portant discovery of a Vegetab capable of restoring and preserv was accidentally made by an indi has neither the capacity, nor the practice deception or fraud. The ance may be placed on the efficacy of the Vegetable Cerate, and not o ing and preventing the falling off but in producing the neatest lustre ness of it imaginable; and the pub assured that its effects will be e fected in the course of a short tim newal of a vigorous growth of the effectually preventing its coming off. The Vegetable Cerate tends nd excite the energies of the capi which constitute those organs tha matter forming the hair; these, lik organs of the animal body, which a state of dormancy or disease, ma to their healthy action, and perfo unctions assigned them by nature

☞ The above Cerate is fo Office as Agents for the Proprie

Newport, June 6.